

THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST

And Victoria Chronicle.

VOL. 22.

VICTORIA, V. I., BRITISH COLUMBIA, FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 10, 1869.

NO. 155.

THE BRITISH COLONIST
PUBLISHED DAILY BY
DAVID W. HIGGINS.

TERMS:

One Year, (in advance).....	\$12.00
Six Months, do.....	6.00
Three Months, do.....	3.00
One Week, do.....	0.25

SEMI-WEEKLY BRITISH COLONIST.
PUBLISHED WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

TERMS:

One Year.....	\$10.00
Six Months, do.....	4.00
Three Months, do.....	2.00
One Week, do.....	0.25

PAYABLE INvariably IN ADVANCE.
OFFICE—Colonist Building, Government and Langley
streets, adjoining Bank of British Columbia.

AGENTS.

S. D. Levy.....	Nanaimo, V. I.
Clegg & Clarkson.....	New Westminster, V. I.
Barnard's Express.....	Victoria, V. I.
do.....	Lyton
do.....	Vanwinkle
do.....	Richfield
do.....	Barker's Hill
do.....	Camerontown
do.....	Clinton
do.....	Ogden
do.....	Seattle, V. T.
Mr. Perkins.....	Port Townsend
do.....	New York
Bullock & Monte.....	II Clement's Lane, London
G. Algar.....	30 Cornhill, London
G. Street.....	London
L. P. Fisher.....	San Francisco

Trifles.

Fifty-three buffaloes were recently killed on the Pacific Railroad by a Detroit hunting party.

\$200 was paid to an Episcopal clergyman for performing a private marriage ceremony in New York last week.

The Baptists of Illinois have 4,000 teachers and 56,000 scholars in their Sunday Schools.

The New York Manhattan Club has 700 members. The entrance fee is \$150, and the annual dues \$50.

The New York reporters finding it impossible to "interview" Father Ilyointhe, are determined to traduce him. They say he ate tender-loin steak last Friday.

Jeff. Davis is about to become President of a Life Insurance Company. We hope it will have better luck than the last institution over which he presided.

Roebroft has fought fifty-four duels up to the present time.

Napoleon gives "stag parties" at Compiegne during Eugenie's absence.

Fisk says:—"If Vanderbilt lives two years longer, I'll buy the old ones."

Eugenie has seventy-three persons in her traveling suite.

Prince Louis Murat has enlisted in the French navy as a common sailor.

Bismarck, according to various correspondents, has delirium tremens, bilious fever, Bright's disease, neuralgia, rheumatism and boils. Another correspondent says he is in "excellent health."

A young Californian went to sleep, leaving his candle in the bug-hole of a powder keg, and was picked up in the morning all over the house.

A couple of fellows who were pretty thoroughly soaked with bad whiskey got into the gutter. After floundering about for a few minutes one of them said: "Jim, let's go to another house—this hotel leaks."

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY AND THE POLYNESIAN ISLANDS.—Earl Granville has addressed a dispatch to the Governor of Queensland, in which he says:—"I wish you clearly to remember that the matter is not a mere Queensland question; it is a affecting matter foreign, though uncivilized countries, and the honor of the British name in connection with them. It is a matter in which Her Majesty's Government feel the deepest interest, and in respect of which you as their officer, are under the most serious responsibility. It is for you to take care that the Home Government is not misled, but receives accurate and full information respecting what is going on in Queensland; and to use your utmost influence to secure that the immigrants receive, in relation to their employers, that special protection which immigrant labourers receive in other colonies to which colored immigrants (as they are called) proceed, and without which they must be at the mercy of those about them. I trust to you for giving your immediate and serious attention to the matter, in order that Her Majesty's Government may be in a position to vindicate the character of the colony, if these do not exist; or to take such steps as may be necessary for putting a stop to the immigration, if they do."

ALABAMA CLAIMS.—We are informed that the most persistent and unyielding of the private citizens who have claims vs. the British Government are Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., of Lowell Mass., the manufacturers of medicines. They will consent to nothing less than that their demand for medicines destroyed by the British pirates shall be paid in gold and in dollars to the last cent. They are emboldened by the fact that the destruction of their goods by the British in China and elsewhere (for where are not that troublesome nation trampling upon somebody?) have hitherto been paid in full, and they now say that they shall be. They however propose this compromise: Give us Canada and we will call it even, because we can then send our remedies there without duty. [Washington News.]

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—It is difficult to determine what is the more trying to health, intense cold or excessive heat, though everybody knows that sudden transition from the one to the other is the most dangerous and most fatal. The best way off by an early resort to those purifying, regulating, and strengthening pills. This well known and highly esteemed medicine affords a safe and easy remedy for almost every constitutional malady which climates, changes, or dietary errors can engender, and effectively removes any weakness self-indulgent habits may have induced. In all conditions of the system bordering on disease indicated by apathy, listlessness, and restlessness, Holloway's Pills will prove especially serviceable in getting a vivacity appreciated by both sound and sick.

Truth Must Prevail!

Bristol's Sarsaparilla and Pills are a sure cure for vitiated and impure blood; are certain to purge out and carry of all bad humors; are the best full medicines for the stomach, liver, and kidneys.

Try them! Try them!

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

SECURITY
Should be the First Consideration in Insurance Transactions.

THE Directors of the Royal Insurance Company have the pleasure of supplying the following information to the public, as evidence of the ample security they afford to their assurers:—

THE CAPITAL

Of the Company, available for the purpose of meeting any unusual calamity happening to the Assured, is

Two Millions Sterling

The amount actually paid up is £288,495

This, with the

ACCUMULATED FUNDS IN HAND, Makes the invested resources of the Company upwards of

ONE MILLION SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND

POUNDS.

Which amount is invested as follows:

INVESTED FUNDS OF THE ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

30th JUNE, 1869.

Real Property owned by the Company..... £219,571 11 3

British Government Bonds..... 28,083 1 3

India Govt. 5 per cent. Consols..... 100,000 0 0

English Railway Debenture Bonds..... 59,000 17 7

Guaranteed Stocks..... 335,476 11 11

Loans to Local Authorities of various towns in Great Britain, who have obtained a large proportion of their revenue by the issue of stocks to borrow the amounts.

Bonds of the Mersey Docks Harbour Board

Bonds of the British and Irish Magnetic Telegraph Co. 5,160 0 0

Bonds of the Liverpool Corporation..... 10,000 0 0

United States Government Stock..... 102,330 7 10

Canada Bonds of the Canadian Stock Short-Interest in English and Canadian paying Bonds with margins, from 20 to 60, or cent on market value..... 31,100 11 11

47,195 0 0

Loans on Security of Life Policies..... 43,938 8 5

£1,072,356 16 11

The above is a complete list of the investments of the Company at the date specified, in addition to which the funds are still further increased, by amounts constantly varying, at different periods, in the hands of the bankers and the Company's Agents. At 31st December, 1868, these stood at £168,050, 2 0

For the satisfaction of the Public, the whole of the securities belonging to the Company are annually submitted to the careful scrutiny of two independent Auditors, and the following is an Extract from the Report to the last Annual Meeting:

The whole of your Books have been audited—every Document, every Account, every Voucher, your Bank Book and every Security—all have been most carefully kept, and there is not one doubtful security in the whole."

The Accumulations

OF THE

LIFE DEPARTMENT

After payment of Losses, Annuities and Expenses of every description have been as follows:

Funds in hand at the last Quinquennial valuation, 31st Dec. 1864..... £521,435 15 5

Add to 31st Dec. 1865..... 103,146 7 3

" 1866..... 124,165 7 5

" 1867..... 128,583 5 10

" 1868..... 144,945 12 2

Total Accumulation of the Life Department on 31st Dec. 1868, exclusive of shareholders' Capital..... £1,122,276 8 1

£1,072,356 16 11

The DIRECTORS ALSO THINK IT DESIRABLE TO STATE THAT

The Business of the Royal has never been Amalgamated with that of any other Company,

AND THAT THE

LIABILITY of its Shareholders is UNLIMITED.

SPROUT & CO., Agents, Wharf Street

1868 Oct 26

Buy it and try it.—Russell's celebrated coffee. The best on the Coast. Warranted pure and healthful beverage.

Miscellaneous.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN

Investment and Loan

SOCIETY

Incorporated under an Ordinance of

British Columbia.

CAPITAL, UNLIMITED,

Consisting of Permanent and Accumulating

Stock, in Shares of \$50 each.

E. GARNETT, President

J. ROBERTSON STEWART, Vice President

DIRECTORS:

T. PRITCHARD, T. LEIS STAHLSCHMIDT,

J. R. STEWART, C. W. R. THOMSON,

J. TRIMBLE.

SECRETARY AND TREASURER:

DUDLEY EVANS.

SOLICITORS:

DRAKE, JACKSON & AHRMAN.

VALUATORS:

I. LOWENBERG, ROBERT BURNABY

TEMPORARY OFFICE:

At WELLS, FARGO & CO., Yates Street, Victoria.

SHAREHOLDERS:

The Shares in the Permanent Stock will be paid up in full when taken.

The shares in the Accumulating Stock may be paid up in one year, or in two or four years, by monthly instalments (made in advance), of \$1, \$2, or \$3, as the case may be. To ensure punctually in payment, small fines will be levied on defaulters.

On the expiration of one month after a share has been paid up, the holder will be entitled to receive the amount thereof with a share in the profits.

Members will, in certain cases, be allowed to withdraw the amount paid on their shares, with interest, before maturity of the share.

A new series of shares will be issued each month.

The profits of the Society will be derived from the investment of the Funds.

BORROWERS:

The Loans with Interest will be required to be repaid by Instalments, and the repayments may be made at such fixed periods as may suit the convenience of Borrowers.

DEPOSITS:

Will be secured by the whole of the Property and Capital of the Society and by the Ordinance under which the Society is incorporated. The Society is precluded from taking as deposits any greater sum than $\frac{1}{4}$ of the amount deposited actually paid in on unadvantaged shares in the Capital of the Society and invested on Securities or Property.

For further information and a prospectus, apply to the Secretary or Solicitors.

THE LATEST STYLES

Received by every Steamer from England and San Fran-

cisco.

SEWING MACHINES!

THE BRITISH COLONIST.

Friday Morning, Dec 10, 1869.

Self-Government.

Enthusiasm does for practical work what effervescence does for champagne. Effervescence gives life and spirit to wine, but it cannot make a bad wine good; nor if the vintage be of an inferior quality, or if, as is commonly the case, the liquor be wholly innocent of the juice of the grape, will any amount of brilliant sparkle and creamy foam impose on the educated palate. So enthusiasm gives life and spirit to work, but is impotent to effect accurate execution; nor can any amount of fervid intention recompense for the want of solid and patient labor. It is a goad, a spur, an impulse as noble as any that can affect the human mind; the best of help, the most abiding encouragement to a well-trained and well-disciplined mind, but a delusion and a snare to all such as depend upon it alone. This is equally true as regards religious, professional or civil duty; but it is to civil or political duty that we purpose confining the application of the principle. For nearly a decade of years the inhabitants of the Mainland portion of the United Colony have been more or less earnestly agitating for the possession of those political rights which are regarded as the common and inalienable heritage of our countrymen—rights secured to us under the Magna Charta, sealed by the blood of our forefathers. In the Island part of the Colony political institutions imperfectly conferring these rights upon the people were enjoyed up to the period of Union, when the Island unthinkingly permitted itself to be deprived of the modicum of political liberty it enjoyed, and came under the less liberal system which obtained on the Mainland. Since the union, which was consummated in the autumn of 1866, the United Colony has continued to be governed under a system which, while it professes to give the people some slight voice in the management of their affairs, is capable of being worked in such a way as to render the people absolutely powerless under a practical autocracy: and we need hardly say that it has for the most part been so worked. Few men placed in power will be more liberal than the constitution they are called upon to administer. It would be a libel upon the colonists to say that they have uncomplainingly submitted to such a condition. During the whole period there has been one continuous murmur of dissatisfaction; but that dissatisfaction has too often taken the form of morbid discontent; and many have left the colony in order to escape from a hated system, instead of manfully attempting to change that system. There have not been wanting in the history of the colony exceptional instances, in which enthusiastic and demonstrative protestations gave promise of more decisive action; but, unfortunately, these efforts proved to be, for the most part, merely spasmodic—the brilliant sparkle and cream sent up by liquor which was wholly innocent of the true vintage. The result to the country has been very serious. Public affairs have been administered chiefly in the interest of the governing classes. A bloated Civil List was foisted upon the colony, utterly regardless of the needs of the country or the ability of the people to meet the exorbitant demand made upon them; and this regiment of officials, instead of applying themselves to the development of the immense resources of the colony and to the promotion of general prosperity, have been chiefly occupied in solving the interesting problem of how to draw the maximum of pay for the minimum of work. Thus, at a time when it could worst afford it, the revenues of the colony, the whole substance of the people, instead of being applied to the construction of reproductive work, and to the promotion of reproductive enterprises, have been drained in the breaches' pockets of an unproductive class. At length we have reached a most critical and important juncture in our colonial history. British Columbia, conformably to the desire of the great body of its people, is about to become a Province in the new Dominion; and thus a most fitting opportunity for having restored to us those powers of self-government of which we have for so many years been wrongfully deprived, presents itself. Will the people avail themselves of this opportunity? or are they content fecklessly and ignobly to drift into the Dominion with their political shackles still riveted on them? Rely upon it, political freedom will not be forced upon us unasked. It must be solicited, demanded! Leave it in the hands of the three Governments concerned? What did similar folly result in four years ago? To leave the terms of the new Constitution to the governing classes is to leave the management of the affairs of the colony still in their hands—to grant a fresh lease to autocratic tyranny and abuse. A policy of quiescence always comes to that. It lasts and looks pleasant until somebody tweaks your nose, and then you have to hit out—rather harder than if you had not put on Quaker costume. Let the people be well assured of this, that unless they ask, and ask at once for self-government under Confederation, they are going to be put off without it. Nor must that asking be a mere effervescent bubbling up—a spasmodic bawl. In order to succeed, the demand for political manumission must be put forward with steadiness and reason—must be urged in a spirit of firmness and united determination. Shall we make the

trial? Or are the people content to be governed in the future from Ottawa, as they have been governed in the past, from Downing-street?

Lunacy at the Police Barracks.

EDITOR BRITISH COLONIST:—I am pleased to see you draw attention in this morning's COLONIST to the condition of the unfortunate ladies confined in the Police Barracks. Their present surely calls for action on the part of this community. It certainly is disgraceful to us that patients laboring under such fearful malady should be confined in a place so unsuitable. I will not say that the people are to blame; but what are we to say about our model and paternal government in respect to this and other matters? It does seem as if their high mightinesses had no other idea than provide for their own salaries.

Some years ago the people of the city subscribed money and built a "Female Hospital." Why could not the building be used for cases like the present? Would it not be well to call together the subscribers and see what could be done to utilize this property? I am told that it is at present let and occupied as a dwelling house. Who receives the rent and what is done with the money? Is the natural enquiry of

ONE OF THE SUBSCRIBERS.
We made the distressing case at the Police Barracks the subject of personal enquiry yesterday, and it is due to the public as well as to the authorities more directly concerned that we should state the result. Unquestionably the Police Barracks is, in many respects ill suited for the reception and proper treatment of insane persons, more especially where, as in the present instance, the patients happen to be females; and without doubt the present melancholy case furnishes another argument in favor of a suitable establishment being provided where such unfortunate may be properly treated. It is no more than right, however, that we should mention the fact that the utmost solicitude has been evinced on the part of the authorities for the comfort of the unfortunate subjects of the above correspondence, and that they have succeeded in giving the place a wonderful air of comfort. In fact all that human effort can do under such circumstances is being done. A proposition made yesterday on behalf of St John's Church to have these patients taken to a private residence, was firmly declined by the third sister, who is in constant attendance, and who is decidedly of opinion that for the present such change would be undesirable. We regret to say that no favorable symptoms have yet developed themelves.—ED.]

New Advertisements.



**FRED'K. REYNOLDS,
FAMILY
BUTCHER**

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN

Meats and Vegetables,

PURVEYOR BY APPOINTMENT TO

HER MAJESTY'S ROYAL NAVY.

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF ISLAND AND Mainland BEEF and MUTTON constantly on hand.

Hotels, Restaurants and Families supplied at short notice, and Meats delivered FREE OR CHARGE to any part of the City or Suburbs with accuracy and dispatch.

Sea-ships and Steamers supplied by contract at LOW RATES.

de10 1m LONDON MARKET.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT.

THE NORTH PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION CO.'S steamer

ACTIVE,

C E LYONS, Commander.

Will leave Brodrick's & Co's Wharf for the above port Saturday afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

For freight or passage, apply to

R. BRODRICK, Agent.

de10 1m

A. CASAMAYOU & CO.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Groceries & Provisions,

HAVANA CIGARS

French Preserves, Tobacco, Boots, &c

ALWAYS ON HAND A LARGE ASSORTMENT in Bond or Duty Paid.

de10 2m

NOTICE.

A GRAND RAFFLE WILL TAKE PLACE AT

ON CHRISTMAS EVE, FRIDAY, 24th DECEMBER, at

GOLDE'S SALON.

Twenty Pds., comprising Gold & Silver Watches

Silverware, etc., etc.

Tickets ONE DOLLAR each, can be had at the Bar.

BOARDING HOUSE

Fort Street, bet. Douglas & Broad,

Mrs. G. MASON CONDUCTS THE ABOVE

Establishment, formerly occupied by N. C. Bailey, and kept for a coat-and-tail of the patronage so liberally bestowed on her predecessor.

Board & Lodging, per Week..... \$7.00

do per Month..... 5.00

Board & Lodging, per Day..... 1.00

Single Meals,..... 37

Every attention given to the comfort of Boarders.

nos 1m

BAILEY'S HOTEL.

LANGLEY STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

N. C. BAILEY

BEGS TO RETURN THANKS TO HIS

Friends and the Public in general for past favors,

and inform them that he is still to be found at his old stand where every attention is paid to the comfort of his patrons.

The Rates of Charges are as follows:

Board and Lodging per Week..... \$5 to \$6.50

" " " " " per Day..... \$1.00

Single Meals,..... 34

Attached to the HOTEL is a BAR, where the best of WINES, SPIRITS, and CIGARS will be found.

de10 1m

\$10 REWARD

LOST, STOLEN, OR STRAYED, from

Strawberry Vale, 10 White Faced Sheep,

marked with a pale red cross on the rump.

The above reward will be paid to anyone giving such information as will lead to the discovery of the animals.

M. ROWLAND.

Burnside Farm.

de10 1m

CARPETS.

TAPESTRY, BRUSSELS, KIDDER-

mins, HARTH Rugs.

For sale by

SPROAT & CO.

Wharf Street.

nos 18

New Advertisements.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

T. ALLROP, LAND AGENT, &c., HAS removed to opposite Piper's Confectionery Store, between FORT and BASTION STREETS.

MONEY TO LOAN, repayable by installments or otherwise.

House, Town Lots and Country Lands for Sale on easy terms of payment.

de10 1m

HOUSES TO LET.

For Sale—Cordwood.

ABEL BESWICK.

Has on Hand a Large Supply of Dry Pine Wood, of the best quality.

Orders left at Mr J. Gosnell's store, corner Douglas and Cormorant streets, or at my Residence, near the Saw Factory, Cormorant street, punctually attended to.

de10 1m

ENGLISH BAZAAR!

FORT STREET, VICTORIA.

MRS. JOHNSTON

Has just received from Europe a large assortment of

ELEGANT GOODS!

SUITABLE FOR

de3

Christmas Presents

CONSISTING OF

USEFUL AND FANCY ARTICLES.

Piano Fortes

Musical Boxes

Musical Albums

Word Boxes

Satchels

Writing Desks

Ladies' Companions

Tatting Satchels.

ELECTRO-PLATED WARE

Salvers

Tea Sets

Biscuit Vases (the only ones imported)

Cake Baskets

Cruet Stands

Desert Knives and Forks

Forks and Spoons

Champagne Syphons.

CUTLERY OF A Superior Description.

Carvers

Corkscrews

Dinner and Breakfast Knives

Penknives and Scissors

MISCELLANEOUS

French Jewelry

Baskets

A choice collection of the most Modern Comic Songs and Piano Forte Music.

Toys imported from England, France and Germany, suitable for Christmas Tree.

Colored Wax Tapers

Dolls of every size

Bryant and May's Safety Matches and Vesuvians

Cigars of the best brands

Brushes of every description

Pocket Combs and Looking Glasses

Fancy Wool Work

Boots and Shoes, and Hosiery

Berlin Wools and Knitting Wools

Ladies' and Children's Under Linen

Dress Trimmings

Velvets

Braids, Buttons

Dress Suspenders, Woolen Fichus

Millinery, Children's Dresses and Cloaks

Stationery, Cricket, Croquet and Archery Sets

Friday Morning, Dec. 10, 1869.

Shipping Intelligence.

PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ENTERED

Dec 8—Str Gussie Telfair, Rogers, Pt. Townsend
OLMARCO

Dec 8—Str Gussie Telfair, Rogers, Pt. Townsend

For Interacting Reading Matter see First Page

The Peace River Maps.

The following correspondence removes the responsibility of refusing the tracing of a map of the Peace River country from the shoulders of the Lands & Works Department to those of the Telegraph Company. In declining to permit the map to be traced, Mr. Lamb acted in accordance with the general rules of the Company, which have since been so far relaxed as to allow copies to be made:

L & W OFFICE, Dec 3, 1868.

DEAR SIR:—The maps to which you refer were supplied to this office by favor of the Telegraph Company, being the result of the explorations of their agents; and before complying with your request to be allowed to obtain copies of them, I should like to ascertain whether Mr. Lamb can offer any objection to their being made public.

Yours truly,

JOSEPH W TRUTCH.

I have written to Mr. Lamb on the subject and will let you know the result.

L & W OFFICE, Dec 3, 1869.

MY DEAR SIR:—I have just heard from Mr. Lamb that he cannot, on behalf of the Telegraph Company, consent to tracings being given from this office of the maps of that Company's explorations which were kindly furnished by himself and Mr. Conway for the information of the Government. I am, therefore, unable to comply with your request.

Yours truly,

JOSEPH W TRUTCH.

E MARVIN, Esq.

In commenting on this matter a few days ago, we imagined that the cause of refusal rested with Mr. Trutch; because, from the tenor of that gentleman's notes to Mr. Marvin, we gathered that the maps were "supplied" (given) to the Lands & Works Office by the Telegraph Company. It would appear, now, that although "supplied" (or given) the Government was bound by the rules of the dooms not to allow the public to make tracings from them. Had the Chief Commissioner so stated in his notes, the very natural conclusion, i. e., that one may do as he likes with his own, would not have been drawn by us.

INDIAN LAND DIFFICULTY.—We regret to learn that an Indian land difficulty is developing itself at the Chilliwack settlement, on the Lower Fraser. Upon the completion of the survey of the Indian Reserves in that neighborhood, a sort of deed of that portion set apart for each tribe was given to the Chief whose name was placed upon the map. Amongst these Chiefs were 'Captain John' and 'Big Jim,' both important personages in that part. It appears that by some means or other the Magistrate for the district was induced to believe that in these two instances the papers had been given to the wrong man; and that gentleman assumed the responsibility of transferring the papers to two persons represented to him as being entitled to hold them. Moreover, he wrote upon the map over the names of Capt. John and Big Jim the names of the would be Chiefs. Upon learning the real position of matters the white settlers at once exposed the cause of Capt. John and Big Jim, well knowing them to be the real chiefs, and they (the settlers) have petitioned the Governor, asking for a thorough investigation. We have only to express our earnest hope that the action of the Government will be both prompt and thorough. Such matters are in no way improved by delay.

In London tartans are coming in every where; tartan neckties, tartan breeches, tartan dresses, and tartan trimmings light up the shop windows with a blaze of green, blue, red, and white. The Stewart, the MacLean, the Farquharson, the Macpherson, the McNab, the Macdonald, the Macdonnell, the Mackenzie, the Macgregor;—those rugged names that would have made Quintilian stare and gasp,—have converted many yards of Piccadilly, Fleet street and Holborn, into picturesque dens of Celtic savagery! What is the meaning of the invasion? From what place have the tartans come? In the simplicity of his heart, the English reader answers, 'From Scotland, of course'; but we assure him that he labors under a complete mistake. Not from Scotland, but from France; not from the capital of the Highlands, which is the fine name for Inverness, but from the centre of fashion, which is the shop name for Paris, have all the clans poured into London.

MECHANICS' LITERARY INSTITUTE.—Mr. Han-kins' reading from Dickens last evening proved his most successful effort. The scene was laid at Dotheboy's Hall, and the peculiarities of Mrs. Squers, Miss Squers, Miss Tilda Price and her lover, were portrayed with a vivacity that must have delighted the shade of Old Squers himself. Mr. Hankins also read from Igoldsby's Legends with marked ability. The readings were appropriately supplemented with vocal and instrumental music by Mrs. Attwood and Messrs. Palmer, Leigh, Emory, Wilson and Jenkins.

THE CROWN HOTEL FIRE.—Wm Young and Thomas Tugwell were brought yesterday before the Police Magistrate for examination. Inspector of Police Bowden, preferred the charges against Young for setting fire to the Hotel, and against Tugwell as accessory before the fact. The Inspector stated he was not prepared to present to go on with the case. Mr. Drake, who appeared for the defence, applied to have the prisoner admitted to bail. Mr. Courtney, who appeared to prosecute on behalf of Mrs. Cox, stated that the amount for which the premises were insured was \$5200. The Magistrate refused to take bail.

ACCIDENT.—Charles Stevens, Quartermaster of the steamship Gussie Telfair, fell from the foreyard yesterday morning to the deck and sustained slight injury in the back. He was conveyed to the American Hotel, where he was attended by Dr. Davie.

Fragrance the most lasting!
Fragrance the most delicate!
Fragrance the most exquisite!
Fragrance the most refreshing!

All combined in MURRAY & MANSON'S FLORAL WATER—the only recognized perfume of fashion.

Beware of the pernicious counterfeits; always ask for Florida Water prepared by the sole proprietors, Leman & Kemp, New York.

The condition of the insane ladies is unchanged—at least, they are not better.

66

OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS.—We are indebted to the Minister of Marine and Fisheries for the fifth report of the Select Committee on Fisheries, Navigation, &c., and for 'Miscellaneous Statistics of Canada for the year of 1868.'

ALEXANDRE Kid Gloves, all sizes and colors, and Fancy Goods for Christmas, received by Express to-day [Dec 10th], from Paris direct, at London House—J H TURNER & CO.

THE FOUR REVIEWS for October are, thanks to Messrs. Hibben & Co., before us, and are as usual replete with interesting and instructive reading.

DIAMOND-HUNTING is now a staple pursuit at the Cape of Good Hope. Why don't they hunt the toad which Shakespeare says, ' hath a jewel in its head?'

IN LUCK.—Three mails in as many days, and another expected to day. Cheerful, for everybody save the Postmaster.

ELEVEN vessels were wrecked at Port Elizabeth, Cape of Good Hope, on the 15th and 19th Sept., and nine lives lost.

A DESERTER from the bark Ruby was yesterday discharged from custody, he having arranged the little matter with his captain.

THE Flying Squadron, Admiral Hornby, arrived at the Cape of Good Hope on the 3rd of October.

THE U. S. S. Newbern is due to-day from San Francisco.

THE GUSIE Telfair sailed for Nanaimo at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

THE ship Shooting Star arrived at Nanaimo from San Francisco to take on coal.

A CHILD having swallowed a screw the doctor ordered it to swallow a screwdriver.

H; M. S. Satellite was at San Blas, Mexico, at latest advices—all well.

Executive Councillors.

EDITOR BRITISH COLONIST.—The surprise caused by the sudden and unexpected announcement made a few days since that Dr. Helmecken had been invited to a seat in the Executive Council, having somewhat subsided in consequence of the rumor not being confirmed, it has become a matter of serious consideration as to who should be the proper person or persons entitled to that distinction at the present juncture of political affairs in this colony. That it is the intention as well as the duty of the Government to call to its councils two or more of the people's representatives, there probably can be but little doubt; and consequently it becomes a matter of very grave interest to the people who those representatives may be, and to what extent they may possess the confidence of Her Majesty's Government on the important question of the incorporation of that colony with the Dominion of Canada. I have so fully explained myself in that dispatch that it is not necessary that I should do more than instruct you at once to lay a copy of it before your advisers.' Prince Arthur has been indulging in the sport of a fox hunt near Montreal. The run was very good, and lasted for an hour, when Reynard, a fine dog fox, succumbed at Petit Cote. The brush was presented to Miss King, who was well up, in recognition of the gallant manner in which she rode all through. About 20 gentlemen and half as many ladies participated in the exciting sport. A Canadian paper says that an appeal from Victoria, B.C., has been published, asking for aid to restore the English cathedral destroyed by fire in October. General *Wynne* gave a reception at his residence, Montreal, on the 9th, which is described as having been a brilliant affair. Prince Arthur was present. His Royal Highness was the officer in charge of the detachment of the Rifle Brigade which attended St. Gabriel street Presbyterian Church on the 14th Nov. There has been some warm work in the Ontario Legislature. It will be remembered that Mr. Blake, leader of the Opposition, held that the concessions made by the Dominion Government to Nova Scotia 1st year were in direct violation of the constitution, that the point was referred to the Imperial Law Officer, and that they decided the transaction was constitutional. Not content with that decision, Mr. Blake has introduced a motion appealing to the Queen, against the arrangement. James G. Moylan, of Toronto, has been gazetted Emigrant Agent for Canada, in the South of Ireland; Chas. Toy, of Oneonta, to be Assistant Emigrant Agent for the North of Ireland; Edwin Clay, of Pugwash, to be Emigrant Agent for Nova Scotia; David Shaw, of Kingston, to be Emigrant Agent for Scotland. Advice from Governor McDougall reached Ottawa on the 22d, which show that the newspaper reports of his reception are very much exaggerated. He has not crossed the lines yet, but remains at Pembina, instead of being compelled to beat a hasty retreat. The half-breeds notified him by letter that his entry to the new territory was not desirable. Private letters mention a strong organization among the Scotch settlers and others, which awaits negotiations between Gov. McDougall and the insurgents. Few persons known to business men in St. Paul are connected with the insurrection. If the Hudson Bay officials support McDougall the affair will probably be adjusted peacefully. Hon. Malcolm Cameron had received a requisition from the electors of South Lanark to permit himself to be nominated in opposition to Hon. Alex Morris. Mr. Cameron has not signified what he intends doing, but leaves for the Riding immediately. The nomination takes place at the end of this month. Mr. Cameron is a novice in the art of riding. In the New Brunswick murder case the Grand Jury returned a true bill against Monroe for the murder of Margaret Vail and her child. Trial was fixed for the 30th Nov. A party of Montrealers were soon to start on a pleasure excursion to San Francisco via the Overland Railway.

The people of this colony are anxiously and patiently looking for a speedy change in the government that will relieve them from the tyranny and oppression that have been exercised toward them by all their rulers, whether they came from Downing street or Fenochurch street; and the introduction into the Executive Council at the present critical moment of no element will be acceptable to the people unless it is entirely free from the interests and influences of those who are looked upon as the obstructors of the progress of the colony.

If it be true that the policy of the Imperial Government is to unite British Columbia with Canada—and this being a Crown colony—is not the government of Mr. Musgrave a Confederation Government? Upon what principle, then, in harmony with the inviolable practice of the Imperial Government, can a man opposed to the distinctly understood policy of the government be invited to its councils?

The people of this colony have given their verdict in favor of immediate union with Canada, and they have a right to expect that, in view of the work especially assigned to him in his appointment to this colony, that Governor Musgrave will facilitate their wishes by the introduction of harmony rather than discord into his Council.

H.

A colored woman in Illinois has recovered \$2000 damages from the Chicago and Northwestern Railway for refusing her passage in the ladies' car. Which we wish we could have seen in the same way at the same price.

LONDON HOUSE—ARRIVAL OF THE AUTUMN AND WINTER STOCK.—By the Active J. H. Turner & Co., received their full stock of Autumn and Winter Goods. The stock at London in September—the best guarantee buyers at London House can have of the fashionable character of the goods. Particular attention is directed to the assortment of Dress and Millinery Goods, which is large and rich, and to the facilities at London House for Dress and Mantlemaking by experience hands.

A CHANCE FOR BARGAINS IN CLOTHING.—A. Gilmore, Yates street, near Government, has commenced to sell off his entire stock of ready-made clothing at cost, to close out that branch of his business, as he intends to confine his attention to MERCHANT TAILORING. Garments of every description made to order in the most fashionable styles at greatly reduced prices.

Fragrance the most lasting!
Fragrance the most delicate!
Fragrance the most exquisite!
Fragrance the most refreshing!

All combined in MURRAY & MANSON'S FLORAL WATER—the only recognized perfume of fashion.

Beware of the pernicious counterfeits; always ask for Florida Water prepared by the sole proprietors, Leman & Kemp, New York.

The Queen paid her promised visit to the City on Saturday, and opened formally the

Canadian Mail Summary.

The last mail brings Canadian news to the 26th ultimo. The Hon. Philip M. Venkouen, Chancellor of Ontario, died at Toronto on the 11th. The first number of the Canadian Illustrated News was issued on the 6th. It is published at Montreal, by Mr. Desbarres, and receives favorable notice from the press. The death of the North Star, the sole annexation organ on Prince Edward Island, is announced. Miss Rye had arrived from England with 70 orphan girls. The old jail at Niagara has been fitted up for a school in which these orphan girls are to be educated and trained for domestic servants. Miss Rye's new enterprise is favorably commented upon by the press. A Montreal paper, alluding to the unscrupulous attacks made by a section of the Canada press upon Sir Francis Hincks, makes an explanation which certainly goes far to establish that distinguished gentleman the reputation of a self-sacrificing desire to be of use to Canada in his old age. It appears that Sir Francis sought and obtained permission to invite Sir Alexander Galt to accept the portfolio represented by Mr. Rose; and that in order to overcome any scruples on the part of that gentleman, Sir Francis volunteered to serve under him in the post now filled by Mr. Dunkin. It appears that His Grace the Duke of Buccleugh has extended his patronage to Canada, having presented the Rev. Andrew Paton, Assistant Minister of St. Andrew's Church, Montreal, to the parish of Peebles, Scotland. The Hon. Joseph Howe had returned from the Northwest. The roughing and camping out are said not to have quite agreed with the old gentleman. The Canadian papers attach great importance to Earl Granville's despatch to Governor Musgrave, regarding it as tantamount to a command to enter. The Earl's despatch to Sir John Young is not without significance. Here it is:—'Sir—I transmit to you herewith a copy of a dispatch I have addressed to the Governor of British Columbia, making known to him the views of Her Majesty's Government on the important question of the incorporation of that colony with the Dominion of Canada. I have so fully explained myself in that dispatch that it is not necessary that I should do more than instruct you at once to lay a copy of it before your advisers.' Prince Arthur has been indulging in the sport of a fox hunt near Montreal. The run was very good, and lasted for an hour, when Reynard, a fine dog fox, succumbed at Petit Cote. The brush was presented to Miss King, who was well up, in recognition of the gallant manner in which she rode all through. About 20 gentlemen and half as many ladies participated in the exciting sport. A Canadian paper says that an appeal from Victoria, B.C., has been published, asking for aid to restore the English cathedral destroyed by fire in October. 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The marriage of two daughters of the Duke of Abercorn with the Marquis of Blandford and the Marquis of Lansdowne respectively were celebrated yesterday in Westminster Abbey.

The Bishop of St. Asaph is reported to be about to retire from his Episcopal charge.

Vice-Chancellor Malins refused to order

any portion of the estate of the late firm of Overend, Gurney & Co. (Limited) to be allowed to Dr. Thor on account of the prosecution of the late directors.

The marriage of two daughters of the Duke of Abercorn with the Marquis of Blandford and the Marquis of Lansdowne respectively were celebrated yesterday in Westminster Abbey.

The names of ten gentlemen who are to be elevated to the peerage have been announced. The list includes four present members of the House of Commons and two Roman Catholics—Lord Edward Howard and Sir John Acton.

At the Lord Mayor's banquet most of the

Ministers were present, Mr. Bright and Lord

Gloucester being absentees. Mr. Gladstone's

speech dwelt chiefly upon the state of Ire-

land, which he spoke of somewhat depre-

catingly, but declared the intention of the Gov-

ernment to carry out its programme of

improved legislation for that country.

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and Sir John Acton.

The Queen paid her promised visit to the

City on Saturday, and opened formally the

new Blackfriars Bridge and the Holborn

Valley Viaduct. The weather was fine,

crowds of spectators immense, and Her Ma-

jesty's reception was most cordial.

The retiring Lord Mayor of London, Mr. J

C Lawrence, M.P. for Lambeth, has been

created a baronet.

M. Ayerton, the newly appointed First

Commissioner of Works, was on the 12th re-

elected member of the Tower Hamlets with-

out opposition.

CHEAP SHAVING—Fred. Payne, Tongoril

Artist, Johnson Street above Miner's Sal-

loon. Shaving, 12½ cents; Hair Cutting, 25

Medical.

GRIMAUDET CO.

Chemists to the Court,

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PARIS.

French Medicines.

Women's and Children's Diseases.

Grimault's Syrup of Iodized

Horse Radish.

Patronized for more than twenty years by the Paris Physician, Cures, Inflammation, rheumatism, scrofula, consumption, &c., loss of appetite, flatness of the stomach, loss of the flesh, loss of appetites, flatness of the constipation, the various eruptions on the face, boils, pustules, itching, &c.—It is the best remedy against the first stage of consumption, and it is the most powerful depurative known.

DOCTOR LERAS

(Doctor of Medicine.)

SOLUBLE PHOSPHATE OF IRON.

Clear as spring water and tasteless; has the advantage over all ferruginous preparations of containing iron and Phosphorus, which are the elements of blood. It cures chlorosis, pain in the stomach, difficult digestions, diarrhoea, anaemia, general debility and poorness of the blood, and agrees especially with the most delicate stomachs.

LUNG DISEASES.

Grimault's Syrup of Hypo-phosphite of Lime.

It is the best and the most rational of all remedies against consumption. Under its influence the cough subsides, the night sweats cease, and the patient rapidly recovers health. It gives the same results in cases of coughs, catarrhs, hooping coughs and influenza. In comparing this syrup with the other sold under the same name, it will be easy to recognize the superiority of this preparation.

Therefore to avoid any substitution, please to require on the bottle the signature: Grimault and Co.

NERVOUS HEADACHE

and NEURALGIA.

GUARANA.

A single powder of this natural vegetable production is sufficient to cure instantly the most violent sick headache. It is the most valuable remedy against diarrhoea, &c.

Digestive Powders, Pills & Elixir of PEP SINE.

Of certain effect against nausea, pituita, heart-burn, gastritis, gastralgia, children's diarrhoea, inflammation of the mucous coats of the stomach and bowels, vomiting during pregnancy, jaundice, &c.

BETTER THAN COPAIBA

GRIMAUDET CO.'s MATIO, CAPSULES & INJECTION.

These preparations will effect a rapid and extraordinary cure of sevoro, recent and chronic cases of peritonitis.

NO MORE DIFFICULT OR PAINFUL DIGESTION!

DR BURIN DU BUISSON'S DIGESTIVE LOZENGES.

This delicious preparation is always prescribed by the most reputed medical men in France, in cases of derangements of the digestive functions, such as gastritis, gastralgia, long and laborious digestions, wind in the stomach, flatulence, constipation, jaundice and colic, pain of the liver and joints.

They are considered by physicians as being superior to the celebrated Vichy Lozenges.

Largesse's Syrup & Paste of SEA PINE SAP.

These two preparations are invaluable and taken with the utmost success for consumption and the various diseases of the chest, and especially for coughs, colds, catarrhs, asthma, hooping cough, bronchitis, asthma, and also for the different affections of the urinary organs.

FERRUGINOUS SYRUP.

'OF PERUVIAN BARK.'

Superior to all the compounds of Iron for all diseases of the chest, fainting, nervous, &c., &c., painful digestions and invigorished blood; it is recognized as the best and most agreeable remedy.

J. & F. HOWARD thus received

TEN FIRST PRIZES, ONE SECOND, PRIZE AND A SILVER MEDAL.

Carrying off almost every Prize for which they compete and this time the most severe and prolonged ever known.

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Stock, \$750,000.

For Insuring Merchandise, Treasure, Commissions, Profits
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FIRE AND LIFE.
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LIFE BRANCH—Special advantages.
LARGE PARTICIPATION IN PROFITS.
Exemption of Insured from liability to Partnership
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Fees to Mutual Referees paid by the Company.

FIRE BRANCH—Prompt and liberal settlement
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Loss and damage by explosion of gas made good.

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**Imperial Insurance
COMPANY**

Capital, \$10,000,000
INSURES BUILDINGS, WARREN, MER-
CHANDISE, SHIPS, &c., AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE

**Pacific Insurance
COMPANY**

Capital and Cash Assets, \$1,639,928
INSURES CARGOES, TREASURE, COM-
MISSIONS, and all MARINE and inland Navigation
Risks.

**Traveler's Insurance
COMPANY**

Cash Assets over, \$1,000,000

INSURES AGAINST DEATH OR DIM-
INING INJURY BY ACCIDENT, IN SUMS OF \$500 TO \$10,000
AND \$3 TO \$50 WEEKLY INDEMNITY AT AN ANNUAL COST OF \$2
TO \$25 PER \$1000, ACCORDING TO HAZARD.

**CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance e
COMPANY**

Capital & Accrued Funds - \$5,950,000

Offers Perfect Security, Low Rates of Premiums, Liberal Profits and Great Freedom of Travel, Policies Indisputable.

Rates of Premiums and every information may be obtained from the undersigned, who is fully authorized by the above-named Company to accept risks and pay losses.

J. ROBERTSON STEWART,
General Agent.

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LOMBARD STREET and CHARING CROSS
LONDON.

Established 1782.

For Insuring every kind of Property
in all parts of the World from
Loss or Damage by Fire.

THE PROFITITUDE AND LIBERALITY WITH WHICH
ITS ENGLAND & IRELAND IS ALREADY KNOWN.

The security offered to the public by the Phoenix Office unfeigned, comprising addition to the large invested capital of the Company the whole fortunes of numerous proprietors, composed of some of the most opulent merchants and others in the United Kingdom. An usual and short-time insurance are effected upon all kinds of property in Vancouver Island and British Columbia.

Prompt cash payment and full power to settle all losses and claims without referring to the Head Office in London.

Rates and Particulars of Insurance may be had on application to

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Opposite Masonic Hall.

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ESTABLISHED 1825.

Constituted by Special Acts of Parliament.

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The Eighth Division of the Company's Profits is appointed to be made at 15th November, 1870, and all Policies now effected will participate.

The Fund to be Divided will be the Profit which have arisen since 15th November, 1865.

no15 im

**ROYAL AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY
OF ENGLAND.**

LEICESTER MEETING, 1868

UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS

THE FOLLOWING PRIZES WERE REWARDED TO

J. & F. HOWARD,

Britannia Iron Works, Bedford,

The First Prize for the Best Wheel Plough for General Purposes.

The First Prize for the Best Wheel Plough for Light Land

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The First Prize for the Best Subsoil Plough.

The First Prize for the Best Harrows for Horse Power.

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The First and Only Prize for the Best 5-ton Steam Cultivator.

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The First and Only Prize for the Best Steam Windlass.

The Silver Medal for their Patent Safety Boiler.

J. & F. HOWARD thus received

TEN FIRST PRIZES, ONE SECOND, PRIZE

AND A SILVER MEDAL.

Carrying off almost every Prize for which they compete and this time the most severe and prolonged ever known.

CARD, AND SEE SAMPLES OF WEDDING

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Groceries, &c.

SPROAT & CO.

WHARF STREET.

OFFER FOR SALE

EX "COQUETTE," FROM LONDON.

ALE—Bass' and Allsopp's, in qts.

PORTER—Byass', in qts. and pts.

CHAMPAGNE—"Cliqueot," qts and pts.

SHERRY, in cask & case.

PORT—"

BRANDY—Hennessy and Martell,

RUM—Jamaica, in bbls. hhdns and phns

WHISKY—Scotch and Irish

GENEVA—Red and Green case

OLD TOM GIN—Swaine, Board & Co's,

and Bernard & Co's.

CURACAO, MARASCHINO

CHERRY CORDIAL

ORANGE BITTERS

TEA—Congo, Hyson and Gunpowder, in

4, ½ and Chests

SPICES.

BLACK PEPPER

PIMENTO, CLOVES

CURRENTS, RAISINS

VINEGAR—in cask

SOAP—English

PICKLES

TABLE SALT

JAMS

PIE FRUITS

CANDLES—Price's & Hale's, 25lb

CHICORY

MARIVALIA COCOA

MUSTARD

PATENT CROATS & DARLEY

PEARL BARLEY

SAGO

TAPIOCA

TOBACCO—Gold Leaf

Atlantic Cable,

Twist

WAX VESTAS

L. E. B.

BLANKETS—2½pt White Scarlet, Black

Green, Indigo